

The Hong Kong Telegraph.

(ESTABLISHED 1851)
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WEATHER FORECAST
SHOWERY.
Barometer 29.75

August 22nd, 1912, Temperature a.m. 78, p.m. 81; Humidity...04, 85.

August 22nd, 1912, Temperature a.m. 82, p.m. 83; Humidity...82, 76.

No. 8872

周一月七日

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23,

1912.

五

三廿月八英海

886 PER ANNUAL
SIR HENRY COTY LTD CENTRAL

TELEGRAMS.

TEST CRICKET.
ENGLAND THE CHAMPIONS.

Sensational Bowling
Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, August 22.

The Triangular Test match between England and Australia was concluded to-day at the Oval, the result being a win for England by 244 runs. England thus became Triangular Champions.

When play was resumed, the weather was bright after the overnight rain, but the wicket was still difficult.

There was an attendance of 12,000 spectators.

With an over-night score of 64, for four wickets, England again went to the wickets, and succeeded in taking their second innings total up to 175. Of these, Fry knocked up 79 and Douglas 24. Hazlitt captured seven wickets for 25 runs, taking the last five for one run.

With arrears of 309 to face, the Australians went out to bat a second time, but they were all accounted for for the small total of 35, of which Macartney made 30.

The lowness of the Australian score was due to the fine bowling of Dean and Woolley, the former taking four wickets for 19 runs and the latter five for 20.

THE BALKAN UNREST.
SATISFACTORY DEVELOPMENT.

London, August 22.
Reuter's correspondent at Constantinople reports that news has arrived of the resignation of the Montenegrin Cabinet, which he regarded as paving the way out of the present situation.

BULGARIAN FEELING.

Bulgaria is anxiously awaiting details of Count Berchtold's proposals. The Bulgarians think that decentralisation will only benefit the Albanians. Bulgaria will only accept local self-government with Macedonia, or go to war with Turkey.

THE AUSTRIAN PROPOSAL.

Later.
France has accepted Count Berchtold's proposal for an exchange of views on the Balkan situation.

MONTENEGRINS WITHDRAW.
The Montenegrins have withdrawn from Berane.

THE NEW YORK MURDER.

MYSTERIOUS REWARD.

London, August 22.
Reuter's New York correspondent states that a reward of £1,000 sterling has been anonymously placed at the disposal of the District Attorney for the arrest of "Lefty Louis" and "Gyp-the-Blood," who are wanted to complete the round-up of persons suspected of complicity in the murder of the gambler Rosenthal. The police are ineligible.

The District Attorney is receiving written threats of death in connection with the case.

TURKISH CABINET.
NEW APPOINTMENTS.

London, August 22.
Reuter's Constantinople correspondent states that Ferid Pasha, President of the Senate, has been appointed Minister of the Interior and Senator Halim Pasha has been given the portfolio of Justice.

DECLINED.
Later.
Ferid Pasha has declined the appointment.

TELEGRAMS.

THE TRADE COMMISSION.

CHAIRMAN RESIGNS.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, August 22.

The "Times" states that Lord Inchape has resigned the Chairmanship of the Commission on the Trade of the Dominions on the ground that important business will detain him at home. The Right Hon. Mr. Arnold Morley will probably succeed him.

NEW CHAIRMAN.

Later.
The appointment of the Right Hon. Mr. Arnold Morley as Chairman of the Imperial Trade Commission is confirmed. The Commission has completed its preliminary arrangements and when it reassembles in the United Kingdom in October it will commence to take evidence.

[The new Chairman of the Trade Commission is a son of the late Mr. Samuel Morley, M.P. for Bristol. He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took an M.A. degree in Mathematical honours having been eighth in the three days. Later he was called to the Bar and subsequently became M.P. for Nottingham. He was afterwards appointed Parliamentary Secretary and Chief Liberal Whip and later Postmaster General.]

ULSTER.

EFFECT OF THE COVENANT.

London, August 22.

The "Times" says the statement that the people of Ulster are planning an armed rising is unfounded. At meetings to be held at the end of September they will enter into a covenant not to acknowledge or pay taxes to a Parliament established in Dublin.

SEPARATE ASSEMBLY POSSIBLE.

Later.

The "Westminster Gazette" discusses the question of a separate Assembly for Ulster, and says Liberals will willingly listen to reasonable arguments thereto. But what the Imperial Government cannot contemplate is defiance like the Ulster covenant, which would put an end to orderly Government.

The journal believes that an Ulster Parliament would not last long, for the same reasons which brought Natal within the Union of South Africa.

HANKOW TRADE.

SATISFACTORY REPORTS.

London, August 22.

The "Times" correspondent at Hankow states that trade at Hankow is booming. The rice harvest is abundant and other crops, except cotton, are excellent. The disbandment of troops is proceeding steadily throughout the Yangtze Valley, and 99 per cent. of the population urgently desire quietude.

THE MIKADO'S FUNERAL.

London, August 22.

The Austrian cruiser Kaiser Franz Josef has been ordered to Yokohama on the occasion of the funeral of the late Emperor Meiji.

TELEGRAMS.

THE DAVIS CUP.

AMERICA WITHDRAWS.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, August 22.

America has withdrawn from the Davis International Lawn Tennis Cup Competition, and Britain will thus meet Australasia, the present holders.

"KID" McCOY.

EXONERATED AND DISMISSED.

London, August 22.

The Magistrate at Bow Street Police Court has exonerated "Kid" McCoy, the well-known boxer, in connection with the charge of larceny for which he was wanted at Ostend, and has dismissed the case.

CANADA'S NAVY.

A NON-PARTY MOVEMENT.

London, August 22.

Reuter's correspondent at Toronto states that the movement to divert the question of naval defence from party politics is spreading, and is taking the form largely of a signed memorial to be presented to Mr. Borden, the Premier, and Sir Wilfred Laurier, declaring that if international relations, according to official information, indicate the existence of an urgent situation, Canada should forthwith take substantial action adequate to the country's wealth, and exhorting the Government to consult the Opposition to that end.

THE CHINESE REPUBLIC.

THE RECENT EXECUTIONS.

(From Chinese Sources.)

Shanghai, August 22.

Vice President Li Yuan-hung has telephoned to Peking giving publicity to the particulars of the ten crimes committed by the decapitated Generals Chang Chun-wu and Fong Wai.

President Yuan has despatched four officials to Hupeh to investigate the case of Generals Chang Chun-wu and Fong Wai.

The Minister of Justice has, in written to the Peking executions, officially to President Yuan and Vice President Li, raising the point of jurisdiction.

THE PREMIER.

Premier Lu has tendered his resignation, but President Yuan has refused to accept it. However, he grants five days' leave.

DR. SUN.

Shanghai, August 22.

The members of the Jointly Sworn Union in Chefoo accorded a warm welcome to Dr. Sun Yat-sen on his landing.

The shops in Tientsin and Peking have hoisted the ensigns of the Republic as a mark of welcome to Dr. Sun Yat-sen on the occasion of his visit to Tientsin and Peking.—"Sai Kai Kung Yik Po."

THE PREMIERSHIP.

Peking, August 22.
Premier Lu is determined to resign, President Yuan has decided to appoint Chiu Ping-kwan as his successor, and Liang Tang as Minister of Foreign Affairs.

UNACCEPTED INVITATION.

On the occasion of the visit of Dr. Sun Yat-sen to Peking, President Yuan has telephoned to Vice President Li inviting him to come up to the capital. Vice President Li, in reply, says that he is unable to come.—"Sai Kai Kung Yik Po."

TELEGRAMS.

"GENERAL" BOOTH.

AUSTRALIAN TRIBUTE.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, August 22.

Reuter's Brisbane correspondent says that the State Assembly, on the motion of the Premier, passed a resolution of sympathy with the relatives of the late "General" Booth, the members standing.

LATER.

The body of the late "General" Booth has been removed to Clapton and will lie in state tomorrow and Saturday.

There is a movement afoot for his burial in Westminster Abbey.

THE GALWAY ARREST.

ESPIONAGE SUSPECT RELEASED.

London, August 22.

The Belgian, named Quental, who was arrested on the 16th inst. at Galway on suspicion of espionage, has been discharged, there being no evidence against him.

A STIFF TEST.

Quick Firing from an Aeroplane.

An experiment with a quick-firing gun in an aeroplane by the Royal Flying Corps at Farnborough has proved entirely successful. This is another step in the advance of the aeroplane and waterplane as a means of land and sea defence.

The test with the quick-firing gun was made in stiff breeze at a height of four hundred feet. Some twenty rounds of ammunition were fired at imaginary objects on the plain directly beneath the aeroplane. The recoil had little effect upon the steadiness of the machine, which was piloted by Mr. De Havilland, with Mr. Wilson as gunner.

The biplane used was one built at the factory, and was specially strengthened to carry the weight of the gun and ammunition. The gunner sits in a box-shaped seat in front of the pilot, and has a clear view. The gun, which works on a pivot, was fired in all directions.

As these trials have proved so satisfactory, several more biplanes are to be equipped with guns, and Mr. Mervyn O'Gorman, the superintendent, will direct fresh experiments. Already provision has been made to carry bombs in most of the army biplanes as a result of recent experiments at Farnborough.

DR. SUN.

In view of the Local Government report on the value of boiled milk as a food for infants, writes Mr. J. T. C. Nash in a letter to the "Lancet," it may not be out of place to remind all concerned that when milk has once been boiled it needs to be carefully protected from contamination, especially by flies or dust, because when once the lactic acid bacteria have been destroyed by boiling, putrefactive and other bacteria gaining access to milk have unrestrained opportunity of multiplication, and such milk is apt to putrefy and acquire dangerous properties without showing signs of "souring." The absolute cleanliness of every vessel used for "boiled milk" is a sine qua non if danger is to be avoided.

BOILED MILK.—A WARNING.

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That a large supply of Japanese coal may be deposited at Honolulu, presumably as a commercial venture, is said a Honolulu paper, indicated by inquiries now being made there by H. Yokotake, representing the great Japanese coal merchants, Mitsui, and Co. Mr. Yokotake has been prospecting along the water front for a possible site for a coal depot, together with landing rights and facilities for such colliers as might be used to keep the local piles up to full strength.

TELEGRAMS.

PEKING EXECUTIONS.

THE CRISIS PASSED.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, August 22.

Reuter's Peking correspondent says that the National Assembly sat with closed doors to consider the crisis arising out of the execution of two Generals.

Apparently moderate counsels prevailed, and the impeachment motion was dropped; the Assembly agreeing to President Yuan Shikai's suggestions.

The crisis is regarded as passed.

President Yuan refused to demand the attendance of the Premier and the Minister of War. Instead, he suggested that the Hupeh deputies should visit him.

MOROCCO.

THE PRETENDER'S SUCCESS.

London, August 22.

Reuter's Tingier correspondent says the Pretender, El Hib, entered Marrakesh after fighting with Kaid El Glaoui.

The remaining loyal French are besieged in a house with the French Consul and French police instructors.

EUROPEANS HELD UP.

London, August 22.

A number of Europeans from Marrakesh were on the 17th inst. stopped near Sofi and compelled to pay heavy ransom.

VINCENT ASTOR THREATENED.

LETTER WRITERS DEMAND PART OF HIS WEALTH.

William Vincent Astor, the youthful head of the Astor family, controlling an estate valued at more than \$100,000,000, has received so many threatening letters that he now goes about armed and is trailed by an armed guard whenever he is around town and in the country.

He has been besieged, hounded and threatened with dire results unless he hands over a portion of his wealth to the insistent letter writers.

THE SEA-SERPENT.

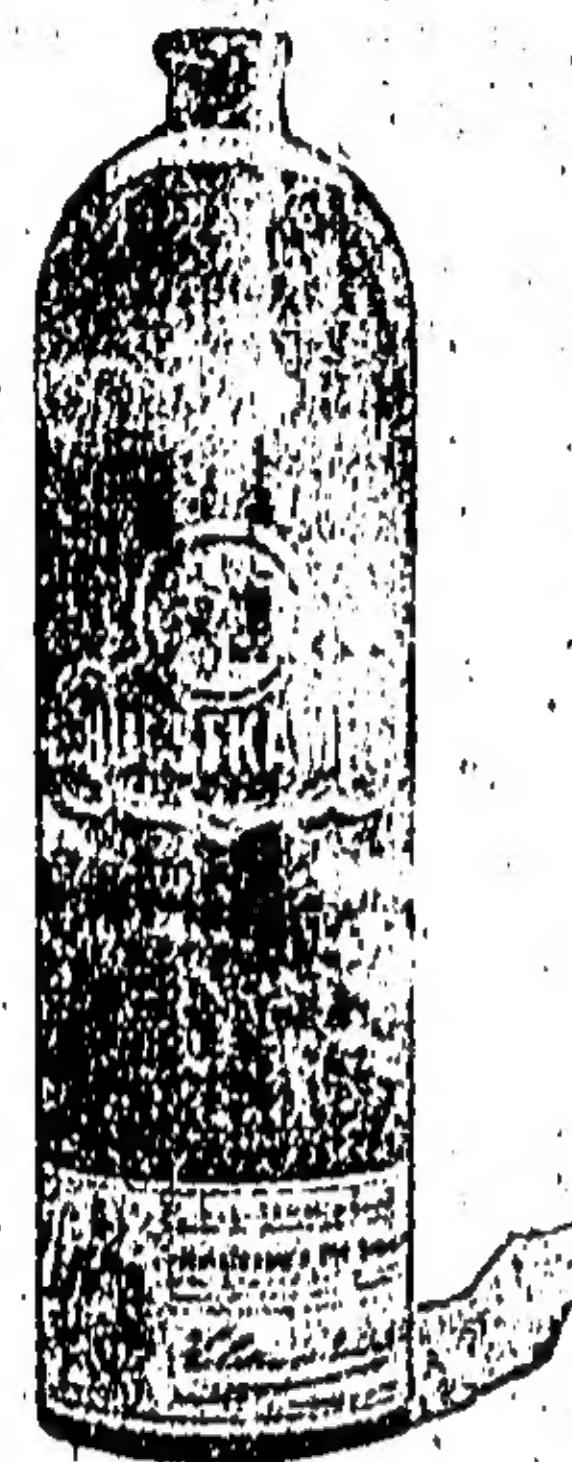
Sir H. Rider Haggard has sent to the Press a letter from his daughter, who is staying at his house, Kessingland Grange, near Lowestoft, and who thinks she has seen a "sea serpent" there.

Miss Rider Haggard's letter says: "I saw what looked like a thin dark line, with a blob at one end, shooting through the water at terrific speed. Through glasses we could make out it had a sort of head at one end, and then a series of about thirty pointed blobs, dwindling in size as they approached the tail. It got more and more submerged and then vanished. I suppose it was about sixty feet long."

Notice



FINEST OLD DUTCH
GIN & LIQUEURS.



FINEST OLD SCHIEDAM

\$14.00 per Case of 12 Quarts
INCLUDING DUTY

SAMPLE BOTTLES FREE
LIQUEUR GLASSES

GRATIS

to regular buyers on application
to the

SOLE AGENTS FOR SOUTH CHINA.

MADEWEN, FRICKEL & CO.,
4, DES VOEUX ROAD,

THE
SCIENCE OF ADVERTISING.

Advertising is both a science and an art. We have studied that science.

Do you know the ART?

Can you write a catchy ad.?—very few can.

A good ad. is one that catches the eyes, then holds the attention.

Can you do it? We can.

Let us write your ads. for you, insert them in any paper you fancy, but let us write them for you, we like it, that will be our recompense.

Choose your paper, put them in, watch results.

ADVICE:—Insert them in the paper with the largest circulation—that is the secret of judicious advertising.

All the papers have the largest circulation, if you doubt it, ask them; then tell us, what they tell you.

The other fellow is losing all the money. True; that is the reason he is able TO KEEP UP the advertising rate!

THEY KNOW that the other fellow is losing money hand over fist, if YOU doubt it, ask them, they will tell you candidly; "It is quite true."

The cheapest ad. is the dearest. Why? do you know your business and ask why?

Do you advertise because of friendship? No?

To reach the people? Yes, yes, that is the reason and it can only be accomplished by advertising in the paper that has the largest circulation. But if they all have the largest circulation, I must advertise in all the papers? Quite so. If you think

Shipping

BRITISH INDIA S. N.
CO., LTD.

NEW FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN
KOBE, HONGKONG AND RANGOON.

BESTWARD.
The S.S. "ITINDA," 3,251 tons, Captain A. J. Evans, will be detached for YOKOHAMA and KOBE on the 4th September, at Noon, to be followed on the 11th September by S.S. "FAZILKA," Captain Cowenick, taking cargo and passengers at current rates.

WESTWARD.
The S.S. "ITOLA," 4,151 tons, Captain Tucker, will leave Hongkong for SINGAPORE, PENANG and RANGOON on the 23rd August, at Noon, followed by S.S. "MUTTRA," Captain H. Carey, on the 30th September, at Noon, taking cargo and passengers at current rates.

The above Steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
AGENTS,
Telephone No. 218,
Hongkong, 21st August, 1912.

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Notices

THE LEEDS FORGE CO.,
LTD., LEEDS.

Specialists in the Manufacture of RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK
of every description.
Pioneers in the Design and Manufacture of
PRESSED STEEL UNDERFRAMES and BOGIES and ALL-STEEL RAILWAY WAGONS.

The Undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents in
Hongkong and China.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING CO.
OF HONGKONG, LTD.

Agents,
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Hongkong, 23rd September, 1911.

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Hotels

HONGKONG HOTEL
A LA CARTE GRILL ROOM.
Now Open.

J. H. TAGGART,
Manager. [25]

GRAND HOTEL.

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, ACCOMMODATION, CLEANLINESS, AND COLD DRINKS.
UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.

Tel. 107. F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

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ASTOR HOUSE
(LATE CONNAUGHT HOTEL)
QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

CENTRALLY situated, up-to-date Hotel, Recently renovated, and under entirely New Management. Large and Comfortable Rooms, Excellent Cuisine under the supervision of an Experienced FRENCH CHEF, and separate Tables, Hot and Cold Bath, Electric Light throughout. Terms moderate, First Class accommodation for Families and Tourists.

For particulars and rates apply to PROPRIETORS.

Telephone, 170. Telegram, "Astor." [24]

OPEN AIR SKATING RINK
at
BELLE VIEW HOTEL

Telephone No. 907.
Sessions: 10 A.M. to 12 NOON. 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. Admission 25 cents.
5 P.M. to 8 P.M. 9 P.M. to 11 P.M. Admission 50 cents.
String Band will play at the above Hotel every Sunday, commencing from 4 p.m. to 10 p.m.

W. GALLAGHER, Manager. [22]

KING EDWARD
HOTEL.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL.
Under European Management.

Electric Light and Lifts.
Latest Improvements.
Reasonable Rates.

Telephone 873. H. HAYNES,
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st Aug., 1912. [55]

THE TAIWAN
RAILWAY
HOTEL.

TAIPEH, FORMOSA.
Under the Direct Management of the
Taiwan Railway Dept.

EXCELLENT CUISINE AND
GOOD SERVICE, RATES
6 YEN AND UP.

Uniformed hostler meets all
trains and steamers. Luggage are
ranged for without any trouble to
guests.

Hongkong, 1st Feb., 1912. [122]

Diss Bros.
TAILORS

1, WYNDHAM STREET (Flower St.) ESTABLISHED 1900. [43]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT
COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 875 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAT, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 16th August, 1912. [58]

THE FAMINE IN CHINA.
Districts with an
area of 80,000 square miles.

TWO, and a half million people
being starvation.

PLEASE SEND YOUR CONTRIBU-

TION TO-DAY.

IT WILL HELP TO SAVE LIFE.

Treasurer, H. O. GULLAND, Esq.,
Manager, International Banking Com-
pany, Shanghai.

Hongkong, 24th August, 1912. [59]

Notices

THE
UNRIVALLED DISINFECTANT.
PROTECTS
THE HOME AGAINST INFECTIO-

Get the habit—IZAL—the habit of health

and always keep IZAL in the home

The cost in use is so small as to be

Insignificant.

AGENTS: W. R. LOXLEY & CO.,

YORK BUILDINGS.

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GUINNESS' STOUT,
THE WELL-KNOWN

"HORSEHEAD,"

BRAND.

Sole Agents,
**CALDBECK
MACGREGOR & CO.**
HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, TIENTSIN
and KUALA LUMPUR.

Hongkong, 28th January, 1912.

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DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT

The PROPRIETOR of the DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT, 24 Des Voeux Road, in the Colony of Hongkong, has been appointed SOLE AGENT for the well-known OVERLAND MOTOR CARS. Several models have been ordered and are due to arrive early in October. The OVERLAND has the LARGEST SALE in ENGLAND of ANY AMERICAN MADE CAR and is sold at popular prices.

Tel. 482.

Entertainment

VICTORIA THEATRE.

To-Night, THURSDAY, 23rd
and for a few nights only

The interesting film

"THE TITANIC DISASTER."

Hongkong, 23rd Aug., 1912. [562]

Notices

SAVE
YOUR EYES.

If your sight is failing, or your
eyes trouble you come in and have
them examined.

It costs you nothing,

WE ARE
PRACTICAL
OPTICIANS:

And can glad any lame or

make a screw to a pair of Spectacles

on the premises. Don't

throw your frames away; have

them repaired by

N. LAZARUS,
OPTICIAN.

1A, D'Aguilar Street, Hongkong.

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PEAK TRAMWAY CO.
LIMITED.

TIME-TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 min.

8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. " 10 min.

10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " 15 min.

11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. " 15 min.

12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. " 10 min.

1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. " 15 min.

1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. " 10 min.

2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. " 15 min.

5.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. " 10 min.

NIGHT CARS.

8.45 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.45 p.m. to

11.30 p.m. every 15 minutes.

SUNDAYS.

7.30 a.m.

8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. every 15 min.

10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " 10 min.

11.45 a.m. to 12.00 noon " 15 min.

12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. " 10 min.

1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. " 15 min.

5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. " 15 min.

6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. " 15 min.

7.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. " 10 min.

NIGHT CARS on Week Days.

Extra Cars at 11.45 p.m.

SPECIAL CARS.

Arranged at the Company's

Office, Alcester Building,

Des Voeux Road.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON

General Managers,

Hongkong, 25th Nov., 1911.

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GENERAL NEWS.

Gladstone Professorship
Presiding at a meeting of the Gladstone Memorial Committee at Crowe House, Curzon-street, London, W., Lord Crewe said the expenditure on the memorials at Hawarden (Flintshire), London, Dublin, and Edinburgh amounted to £31,505, leaving a balance of about £6,000. The committee decided that the balance should go to Oxford. Sir William Anson explained that it was proposed to found a Gladstone Professorship with a salary of £500, for lectures on political economy.

Appeal by Cyprus to Britain.
A deputation of Greeks who have been members of the Legislative Council of Cyprus, is on its way to London to see the Colonial Secretary and if possible to persuade the British Government to consent to the union of the island with Greece.

Chinese Commemoration Stamps.
The Department of Communications has ordered the issue of 100,000 commemoration postage stamps, with President Yuan's picture.

Peking Officials' Salaries.
It is reported that the Peking metropolitan officials will be paid their full salaries this month, one half of which will be in cash and the other half in national bonds.

£1,012,000 for the Durbar.
The Indian Accounts and Estimates for 1912-13, issued recently, show that the cost of the recent royal visit to India, as at present estimated, was £1,012,000.

Strikes on the Hooghly.
Strikes are prevailing at the Bengal cotton mill and the Upper Hooghly jute mill and the latter is still closed down. No disturbance is expected.

Dr. Chang.
Dr. Y. C. Chang has been appointed a Secretary to the President, in addition to his duties as a Secretary of the Waichiao Pu, in place of Dr. P. K. O. Tyan, who is leaving with Mrs. Tyan for London very shortly.

Sharks off Sumatra.
In Padang there has been another capture of two big sharks, says the Sumatran "Bodo." The apathy of the natives since the last accident does not appear to have been shaken by this event. They continue to bathe in the shark-infested waters.

Criminal Breach of Trust.
A Malay cashier in the service of Messrs. Mugrave and Matthews, solicitors, Penang, pleaded guilty at Penang Assizes to a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of \$925, and was sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

Fire in Beggar Huts.
A fire broke out the other night among some straw huts, occupied by beggars, in the Chinese territory beyond the West Hongkong district. The Municipal Fire Brigade turned out to stand by in case the flames should spread, threatening the foreign settlement.

Raja on the Bench.
The Raja of Jhalawar occupied a seat on the bench in the Appeal Court, London, recently between the Master of the Rolls and Lord Justice Kennedy, and heard the address of the Solicitor-General in an Inland Revenue case. His Highness wore a green turban.

The Ipoh Bribery Case.
At the Assizes, in the Judicial Commissioner's Court at Ipoh last week, the hearing was concluded of the case in which Lo Ban Hook who holds a very prominent position in the F.M.S. was arraigned for bribery. Prisoner was found guilty and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

Home Rule for Scotland.
A committee of Scottish Liberal members of Parliament state that a Home Rule Bill similar to the Irish one would meet the requirements of Scotland. They see no reason, however, for imposing on a Scottish Parliament the restrictions placed upon Ireland for the safeguarding of religious equality.

Nor does it follow, in their opinion, that because the Post Office is to be transferred to the Irish Parliament, it ought also to be transferred to a Scottish Parliament. The right to vary the rates of tax can be limited, in the case of Scotland to direct taxes, and need not extend to Customs and Excise duties.—"Daily Mail."

CALL OF THE TROPICS.

Need of Colleges for Assisting Planters.

We say the "Westminster Gazette" of July 9, have received a letter from Mr. H. Hamel Smith, the editor of "Tropical Life," which contains the following:

The chief producing centres in the tropical facilities of this country are sadly in need of facilities for encouraging the higher agricultural education of those who are in a position to go to the tropics as planters. The colleges would repay their cost, for if men on this side were as carefully and thoroughly trained to develop and extract the visible wealth out there as they are to exploit the minerals underground, the benefits would be very substantial. They would, in the aggregate, far exceed any benefits that we, as a nation, have obtained even from mining.

Organised agricultural science in the tropics, culminating in one or more agricultural colleges, would not only directly benefit the students passing through them, but, by attracting and concentrating attention on the subjects taught on the spot, would greatly increase our ability to add to the national wealth and increase and assure the supplies of our raw material from overseas. This, in turn, would augment the purchasing power of the producing centres, whose much larger orders for machinery, manufactured goods, provisions, and so forth, would keep our factories busy and our people employed.

Financial Considerations.

The very fact that one or more agricultural colleges have been established in the tropics would attract the attention of an energetic, ambitious, and extremely useful class of capitalist to those centres as channels for investment and trade. Those at present hold aloof because they see no reliable means of training themselves for such a life. With many fathers of families having sons to place out in the world, or younger men with capital, once they can see their way clear to obtain a good return on the labour and money they are willing to expend on one or other of the tropical agricultural industries, a very large number with only a few thousands to invest would be willing to pay for their training first at an agricultural college on this side on general principles, and then at the college in the tropics to specialize.

It has been suggested that the would-be planter can obtain the desired instruction at existing institutions. I believe I am right in saying that it is not so.

The Needful Knowledge.

The future leadership of the world lies with the nation owning the most fertile and well-developed land, as through these it will own the heaviest purses; individual and national wealth will decide who is to lead. We must, therefore, not neglect to train men to develop the surface wealth of the tropics as we do others to exploit the minerals. We must train men to go abroad and increase the resources of the Empire to the utmost degree possible.

The island of Trinidad, W. I., which almost needs a magnifying glass to find on the map, annually ships just over £1,000,000 sterling of cocoa. Its best friends have to own that this amount should have been doubled or trebled ten years ago. Had the planters had the benefit of an agricultural college twenty-five or thirty years ago where they could have learnt to keep disease away and realize full crops this loss would not have been sustained, and if this is true with one centre, it is, or can be, with all others unless prevented.

One careless or ignorant planter spreads disease and trouble like lightning over the land in hot countries.

Chinese Steamer Ashore at Singapore.

Coming into the harbour in a heavy fog on August 15 the steamer Ngi Moy got off her course and grounded in the mud off the reclamation works to the west of Johnston's Pier. It was low water at the time and she lay there for about three-quarters of an hour until the rising tide enabled her engines to back her off. No damage was done.—"Straits Times."

THE HONGKONG NEW ARMY BILL.

The passing of the Army Bill, which gives Austro-Hungary a force of 2,000,000, has been hailed with great rejoicing. The "Neue Freie Presse" says that an enemy attacking Germany and Austria must face an army of 6,000,000 splendidly equipped troops, always ready for battle.

Value of Vacant Land in London.
At the annual meeting of the Vacant Land Cultivation Society held at Spencer House, St. James's place, Mr. Joseph Fels, the hon. secretary, said people had not yet realised the value of the cultivation of vacant land. The land-owners of London seemed to be afraid that the poor people would run off with their land if they were allowed to cultivate it. It was a disgrace to the British people there should be 14,000 acres of vacant land in London.

BRAIN FAG.

The Simplest and Most Effective Remedy.

Of the conditions which demand most sympathy and receive least, there are few as depressing to the sufferer as brain fag. The reason is not far to seek. It induces a sense of weariness, of depression, of utter inability to do the day's work or to take an active interest in anything. Its immediate consequences are a morbidness, irritability and moodiness which are peculiarly disconcerting to the sufferer's friends, who, as a rule, are unable to appreciate the gravity of his condition and put all sorts of wrong constructions on his behaviour.

The cause of brain fag is due to the using up too rapidly of the phosphorus salts, which are of supreme importance in nourishing the brain and nervous system. To cure this condition, the amount of phosphorus must be completely restored. The ordinary salts of phosphorus which were always used have, now, been proved to be quite inefficient for the purpose. What is needed is phosphorus preparation in the "organic form" and in "chemical combination," as doctors call it. Of all the salts of phosphorus the best are those known as the glyco-ro-phosphates, for it is in that combination phosphorus is found in the nervous tissues and the brain. The best substance with which it can be "chemically combined" is with the body-building part of pure cow's milk. These two substances find their ideal combination in Sanatogen, which is universally acknowledged throughout the world to be the greatest revitalising and restorative preparation known to Science and

medicine.

It further discusses Sanatogen that paper writes: "The explanation of the good results it produces is simple enough. Sanatogen supplies the much needed nutrition to the brain cells. As a consequence, the patient sleeps, his energy of mind and body is gradually restored, and he takes exercise and gradually returns to his natural occupations and amusements. Last, but not least, his brain being in a healthy condition, he loses his depression of spirits."

These words must convince every sufferer from brain fag that in Sanatogen he has a means of saving himself from further suffering, and of so nourishing his nervous system that he need never again suffer from this complaint.

Write for a copy of a most interesting booklet "The Art of Living" by Dr. Andrew Wilson,

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DEATH.

CHILD.—On Aug. 20th, on board S.S. *Ariadna*, at sea, Leonard Charles Child, aged 30. South African papers please copy.

Hongkong, 23rd Aug., 1912.

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1912.

THE RELEASE OF PRISONERS.

That the rumours which have been rife in the Colony of late regarding the release of prisoners from Victoria Gaol before the expiry of their sentences did not overstate actualities, was made painfully evident at yesterday's meeting of the Legislative Council in the reply furnished by the Colonial Secretary to the query put forward by the Honourable Mr. Osborne. The questioner was content to enquire whether any prisoners had been so liberated during the present year. He must, indeed, have been taken aback when he was informed that no fewer than 400 had been given their freedom before the completion of their sentences. We are admittedly surprised—and regrettably so, too—at the facts contained in the Colonial Secretary's statement. We regard them as extremely serious, and we shall await with interest further explanations in connection with this wholesale freeing of gaol-birds. Special circumstances, such as the overcrowding of the prison, may call for special treatment, but, at the present moment especially, we cannot help thinking that every other means of dealing with the problem should be earnestly considered before deciding upon such an unusual procedure as throwing open the prison gates to criminals who have not served the terms meted out to them in the courts of justice.

Some little time ago—before the matter came to a head through the appearance before a surprise magistrate of a man whom three months before he had sentenced to six months' imprisonment—we were in possession of information regarding the release of prisoners before the expiration of their sentences. Just how deep the matter went, however, we did not know and, though meantime we secured possession of all possible facts, we refrained from raising the question openly, from a sense of public policy. Now that the circumstances have been laid bare there is no reason why we should refrain any longer from discussing it, though we still question the wisdom of exposing a weakness which cannot fail, in some degree, to injure the reputation of the Colony. There are arguments for and against this procedure which we fully recognise, and the latter appear to us to outweigh the former.

Since the matter is being discussed, however, one point which needs clearing up is as to how long this process of premature release has been in operation, and whether it is still being continued. Mr. Osborne's query had reference to this year, but from the reply given it would appear that the first report made of the overcrowded state of the gaol was last month, when, with cell accommodation for only 626 prisoners, there were 730 offenders against law and order within the prison walls. Are we to understand that the whole of the 400 fortunate ex-prisoners who are now enjoying unexpected liberty have been set free since last month? If so, and the liberations are still continuing, have more been set free than is absolutely necessary to avoid overcrowding in the cells? Another matter on which further light should be shed is as to the type of offender released. We are told that the selections "in the first place" were confined to those imprisoned in default of payment of fines, and short-sentence prisoners. It would be interesting to know what percentage of the lucky ones fall under these two heads. A little calculation on the figures furnished by the Colonial Secretary will show that ten prisoners with three months or more of their sentence to run were given their freedom, as were twenty-four with two months or more unserved, and eighty-four with one month or more to go. It is apparent from these facts that some of the erstwhile gaol-birds now roaming about at large must have committed offences of a more than trivial nature. The Honourable Mr. Osborne might do worse than follow up the matter by enquiring the precise crime for which the released prisoners were originally committed to His Majesty's establishment. We are wondering whether there be any ex-burglars among the happy elect.

The above constitute one or two points which, to our way of thinking, merit consideration. A variety of circumstances of recent occurrence makes it clear that the present is no time for displaying any too kindly a disposition towards the criminal class of the Colony, whether that be the actual intention or not. In this instance, we know, it can be argued that such an effect, if procured, is more by force of circumstance than by design. But, all the same, it is liable to be easily misconstrued by the type of people affected. For this reason, every other means should be exhausted before resort to the present mode of dealing with, or rather, avoiding, the problem. At any rate, it will be admitted by everybody that to sentence criminals to terms of imprisonment, and then to give them their liberty after they have served a portion of their sentence, is not only to waste the time of the police and of the courts, it is also making a mockery and travesty of British justice.

DAY BY DAY.

The world is full of wise people—most of them only wise after the event.

New Advertisement.

The Victoria Theatre: Change of programme; page 2.

Dumping.

A dead body, very much decomposed, has been found by the police on the foreshore at Stanley.

Adjourned.

The case in which Charles Pedersen is suing the Connaught Aerated Water Company to recover \$1,000 has been adjourned for another week.

Show Case Robbed.

A shop keeper from Wellington Street, has reported to the police, that a show case of his has been broken into and goods valued \$30 were stolen.

Cautioned.

A very valuable old woman was charged before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, at the Police Court, to-day, with not exhibiting her license number on her stall. She was dismissed.

H. M. S. Tamar.

After being in the Naval Yard basin for some weeks undergoing an overhaul, H.M.S. *Tamar* was this afternoon taken in tow by tugs and moored at her usual anchorage in the harbour.

Rickshaw Stolen.

The police have been communicated with by a shop keeper of 278 Des Vouex Road, who states that his private rickshaw, valued \$28, has been stolen. The rickshaw had been left in the street unattended.

Useful Train.

The public will be gratified to learn that on Sundays and public holidays a train will leave Kowloon for Shum Chun, calling at Yau Ma Tei, Tai Po and Fanling. The train is to stop at the Crossing near the golf links at Fanling.

Heart Failure.

We are informed the Mr. L. C. Child, who for a short time was employed at the Grand Hotel, died recently on his way to Singapore. He left Hongkong to take up a post in South Africa and before coming to this port had spent some time in Alaska. The cause of death is said to be heart failure.

Presentation to Mr. Hore.

Mr. S. Hore, who has been a master at the Diocesan Boys' School for the past four years, leaves Hongkong to-morrow night in the S.S. *Liaun* for Shanghai, where he has obtained an appointment under the municipal education council. Before the students of his old school went on vacation they presented Mr. Hore with a gold watch as a mark of their esteem.

Alleged Larceny from P. W. D.

Wong Cheung was charged before Mr. C. D. Melbourne at the Police Court, this morning, with stealing a roll of wire valued \$10 from the stores of the Public Works Department and further with falsifying a book.

Mr. Gale of the P. W. D. appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. F. X. D'Almada e Castro for the defendant.

On the application of Mr. D'Almada, the case was adjourned until Wednesday, bail being fixed at \$100.

Alleged Assault on Tram Conductor.

A tram conductor has reported to the police that he had been assaulted by a passenger whom he had occasion to call upon to go into his proper seat. The man alighted from the car at Tai Yuen Street, and, on the return journey from Kennedy Town, the aggressor, with several others, boarded the car and assaulted him. He had to be sent to the hospital to have his injuries dressed.

Mr. F. Dealy's Success.

Mr. Frank Dealy, the eldest son of the Headmaster of Queen's College, has passed the recent matriculation examination at the London University. He has been in the Jesuit College at Stonyhurst for over seven years. In his last year—as a Rhetorician—he was Vice-Captain of the School, and Captain of the Cricket, Football, and Hockey teams. He is now leaving Stonyhurst to join the Roseworthy Agricultural College, near Adelaide, S. Australia.

F. M. S. Rubber Cooler.

There were 186,015 estate coolies in the F.M.S. at the end of 1911. At the end of 1910 there were 120,446.

EUROPEAN FINED.

Refused to Pay and Assaulted a Rickshaw Coolie.

A man named Thomas Fraser, second engineer of the s.s. *Leeritz*, was charged before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, at the Police Court this morning with refusing to pay twenty cents rickshaw hire and unlawfully assaulting a rickshaw coolie.

Complainant said he was a first class rickshaw driver and the number of his vehicle was 89. At 8 p.m. yesterday he took the defendant from "Connaught House to Old Thomas' Hotel."

Mr. Melbourne:—Across the road?

Defendant:—Quite near.

Mr. Melbourne:—How long did the journey last? Two seconds?

Defendant:—It did not take long but he engaged me for a long time. He went in the hotel and I waited for him for about an hour. He came out and walked along Ice House Street towards Des Vouex Road. I followed him and asked him to pay my rickshaw hire. I asked him for twenty cents. It was an hour from taking him from the Astor House to the time he came out of the hotel. When I asked him for the money he struck me. He then went to the cinema-graph. He stopped outside the Victoria Theatre. I saw a European constable there and asked him to arrest the defendant. He was arrested and taken to the police station.

By Mr. Melbourne:—When the defendant went into the grill room he told complainant to wait for him.

Defendant said the complainant was wrong; he got the rickshaw at the King Edward Hotel. It was not eight o'clock.

Another witness said he saw the defendant shaking the complainant.

Defendant was fined \$3 and ordered to pay \$1 compensation.

A PARTICULAR CASE.

Major Sued for Damage Done to Furniture.

This morning, in the Summary Court, the case was mentioned in which Mrs. Margaret Ogilvie, of 42 Nathan Road, sued Major Walton to recover the sum of \$32.67.

Mr. Sutherland Russ, of Messrs. Goldring, Barlow and Morell, appeared for the plaintiff, and the defendant appeared in person.

Major Walton:—I am the defendant in this case, my Lord and I particularly ask that the case shall not be adjourned. It is a great inconvenience for me to attend the case.

Mr. Russ:—There will have to be an adjournment. We cannot prove the case to-day. I would rather that we had a date about Sept. 12.

Major Walton:—There are some of my witnesses going on leave.

His Lordship:—I can take it the first thing on Saturday week.

Major Walton:—One of my witnesses is leaving on the twenty-eighth.

His Lordship:—I suppose it won't take long?

Mr. Russ:—I don't think so; I don't know how many witnesses we have to call. It is a question as to damage done to furniture. There may be several articles and several witnesses.

His Lordship:—Well, say Tuesday at ten.

Mr. Russ:—Rather short notice.

His Lordship:—This is a particular case.

EXERCISE.

New Punishment for Unlicensed Hawker.

"Does anyone want any exercise," said Mr. Melbourne facetiously, when sentencing an unlicensed hawker to receive ten strokes of the birch, at the Police Court, this morning.

The defendant had previous convictions for the offence.

F. M. S. Rubber Cooler.

There were 186,015 estate coolies in the F.M.S. at the end of 1911. At the end of 1910 there were 120,446.

MADE IN SHANGHAI.

Sum Alleged to be Due for Piano Hire.

This morning, in the Summary Court, before Mr. Justice Gompertz, the Robinson Piano Company used Helen Roeder to recover the sum of \$181, alleged to be due for the hire of a piano.

Mr. G. K. H. Bruton appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. Roeder for the defendant.

Mr. Harris:—Will your Lordship adjourn the case for a week?

Mr. Bruton:—My friend's client is leaving on the twenty-sixth.

Mr. Harris:—My friend has his remedy.

Mr. Bruton:—But I have a letter admitting the debt.

His Lordship:—Yes; but there might be a technical defence.

Mr. Harris:—I think the contract will have to be construed according to Chinese law. It was made in Shanghai. It is for the hire of a piano. (Laughter.)

Mr. Bruton I have a letter admitting the debt and saying that she owes something for carriage.

Mr. Harris:—If my friend wishes he can apply for the usual remedy.

The case was adjourned.

CHILD INJURED.

Rickshaw Coolie with Another Man's Licence.

At the Police Court to-day, before Mr. O. D. Melbourne, a rickshaw coolie was charged with being criminally careless in pulling a rickshaw, and thereby being responsible for knocking down a little girl on Praya East, and causing injuries which, fortunately, were not very serious.

Sergeant Gerrard said that, when the man knocked down the child, she was walking along by a hoarding where there was no footpath. The defendant came along full gallop and collided with the girl. When asked for his licence, the defendant produced the licence of another man.

Mr. Melbourne: Who did you get the licence from?

Defendant:—I borrowed it from a man I do not know.

How long have you been in the Colony?—Two days.

You might have killed the little girl. What happened; did she run across the road?

Sergeant Gerrard said the child did not run across the road; the defendant ran into her. Had he been an experienced puller, the accident would not have been likely to happen.

Defendant was fined \$5, or in default ten days' imprisonment, and ordered to pay \$1 compensation to the parents of the child.

THE WIFE AGAIN.

Forgot to Register the Birth of a Child.

At the Police Court, this morning, a man sought to lay the blame of not registering the birth of a child, on to his wife.

Mr. Melbourne:—Why did you not register the birth of your child?

Defendant:—My wife forgot to tell me (Laughter).

Mr. Melbourne:—Don't you know you must register a birth?

Defendant:—Yes; but I was so busy with other things, and my wife did not tell me, so I forgot to register.

Mr. Melbourne:—When was the child born?

Registrar's Clerk:—The seventh of May.

Mr. Melbourne:—The child might want a birth certificate someday, and if it is not registered it would not be able to get it. It is not really difficult; there is no fee charged.

Defendant:—I know that; but I forgot to register. I did not intend to prevent the Government from knowing.

Registrar's Clerk:—We sent for him three times.

Defendant:—I have been to the office once and I was told to wait. I waited so long that I left.

Mr. Melbourne:—\$2 and cautioned.

OIL IN CHINA.

Mr. J. W. Bolles Discusses Its Accessibility.

Mr. J. W. Bolles, general manager of the Standard Oil Co. in Hongkong, leaves on Tuesday, August 27, per the s.s. *Persia*, for Shanghai, en route for home. He will leave Dalny and, taking the Southern route across Europe, will pay a visit to London, and then proceed to his home in America. He is on vacation and hopes to be away for about five or six months.

In an interesting chat with a "Telegraph" representative, Mr. Bolles expressed himself as certain that there was plenty of oil in China, but the great question was as to its accessibility. He pointed out that its accessibility was a matter of importance, for unless it were easy to get at, and unless it showed a good return on working, the oil fields of China would be of very little commercial use.

INSOLENT CHAIR COOLIE.

Suit Against Mr. J. L. Crockett Falls.

At the Summary Court, this morning, before Mr. Justice Gompertz, J. L. Crockett, of the Peak, was sued by a chair coolie previously in his employ for \$1220. \$10.50 being money due as wages.

Mr. Reader Harris, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, appeared for the defendant.

Plaintiff, in the box, at the last hearing, said he was dismissed on the 20th of July; he did not receive any advance. He admitted that \$15 had been paid to him during the month but it was for the other two coolies; he did not have any share of it. The money was for rice and was deducted by the master from the wages of the other two men. He had no wages from which the money could be deducted. The master told him to go to the station for him at six o'clock, and his wife afterwards gave him orders for the chair to go at half-past six. He went according to the latter's instructions, and, in consequence, he was too late for the defendant. It was for being too late that he was dismissed.

The Coolie's Story.

This morning in answer to Mr. Harris, the plaintiff said that some of the money given to him by the defendant was an advance on the salaries of the other coolies, and for food. He contended that the defendant owed him wages for twenty-nine days.

He denied that when he was asked by Mrs. Crockett why he did not fetch his master from the tramway station he replied, "No wanchee go."

Did not Mrs. Crockett say, "I will cut you twenty cents?" Yes.

And did you not say, "I like you cut me twenty cents"? I don't understand English, to say that.

A second chair-coolie corroborated the story of the plaintiff.

Mr. Harris said that the plaintiff admitted having been ordered to fetch the master and he said he went, but he would prove that, when Mrs. Crockett asked him why he did not go to fetch Mr. Crockett, he replied, "I no wanchee go." Mrs. Crockett said, "I shall cut you twenty cents" and he replied, "All right; I like you cut me twenty cents."

Defendant, in the box, said that, on July 28, he came up by the Peak Tram at about six o'clock. In fact he thought that it was a little before. Neither the chair nor the coolies were there and he did not see them on the way when he went home.

Mr. T. W. Hornby said that he was at No. 10 Stewart Terrace that evening and he was with Mrs. Crockett when she left that house at 7.45 p.m. He saw Mrs. Crockett's chair and her chair coolies. She asked them why they had not gone to fetch the master and plaintiff replied "No wanchee go".

Mrs. Crockett said she would cut him twenty cents and he replied, "I like you cut me twenty cents; can cut."

In fact witness thought that the plaintiff was so insolent that he thought it was not safe for Mrs. Crockett to go home by herself. Judgment was entered for the defendant.

HOTEL CLAIM.

The claim of a hotel proprietor for money due for board and lodging was heard this morning in the Summary Court, when Mr. F. Reichmann of the Grand Hotel and a man named Rickarts, to the sum of \$120.35.

Mr. Harris, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, appeared for the plaintiff. The defendant was represented by Mr. Russ of Messrs. Barlow and Morrell.

Mr. Harris:—This is a case if I pressed your Lordship to last week, as we thought that defendant was going away.

Mr. Russ:—I am instructed to take my friend an offer. If he accepts it, he will get his money.

If he does not—His Lordship:—I have nothing to do with that.

Mr. F. Reichmann proved the case and judgment was entered for the plaintiff.

COURT CONGESTION.

Battle to Get a Day Fixed for Hearing.

The congested state of affairs in the Summary Court was clearly shown this morning when His Lordship, Mr. Justice Gompertz, had to commence fixing dates for hearing cases more than a week ahead. In one particular case there was quite battle to get a day fixed for hearing.

Mr. Bowley appeared for the plaintiff, in the case and Mr. Lewis for the defendant.

Mr. Lewis:—I ask for further and better particulars my Lord. My friend has supplied me with particulars of money paid out by his client but he does not say to whom they were paid.

Mr. Bowley:—My friend has had discovery and he knows as much about the case as I do.

His Lordship:—You saw the documents?

Mr. Lewis:—There was one Chinese note of which this is a translation.

Mr. Bowley:—Some of the monies are loans direct and the others money which he guaranteed and had to pay.

Mr. Lewis:—I must know to whom these monies were paid.

Full Particulars or Not?

Mr. Bowley:—I gave my friend the fullest possible particulars last week.

Mr. Lewis:—They are not full particulars.

Mr. Bowley:—My friend was not in charge of the case, so perhaps he did not know. His interpreter came round and inspected the documents which consist of documents in Chinese and English and of which he might have had copies. There is no reason for an adjournment.

Mr. Lewis:—I ask for further particulars and a week's adjournment.

His Lordship:—I cannot give you a day.

Mr. Bowley:—I should like it to come on as soon as possible as my people have come from the country to collect this money.

His Lordship:—I cannot give you a day.

Mr. Bowley:—Can your Lordship give half a day?

Mr. Lewis:—Did you say that your clients came from the country?

Mr. Bowley:—Yes.

Mr. Lewis:—Then I shall ask for security of costs.

Mr. Bowley:—Can I have a day next week?

His Lordship:—I am full up.

Eventually, subject to a discussion in chambers to-morrow on the question for the provision of security for costs and discovery, the case was fixed for Tuesday, Sept. 3.

EUROPEAN ARRESTED.

Serious Offence Alleged.

A European named John Charles Pollock, alias Percy J. Brown, was arrested on board the s.s. Kaiyong, on the arrival of the latter from Manila, this morning.

At the Police Court, he was charged before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, with committing a criminal assault upon a girl aged 13 years at Shanghai.

Defendant on the application of L. S. Wills was remanded.

PAWNING OF CHILDREN.

Twelve months' hard labour in each case was the sentence of Mr. C. D. Melbourne, at the Police Court, to-day, on a man and a woman charged with kidnapping a child aged eleven years, from her mother, 30, Canton Road, Kowloon in May last.

The police, it was stated were unable to obtain the return of the child from the Country as they had not the amount required for the redemption of the child. The mother said she would have to pawn two other children to raise the amount required to get the stolen child back.

Case to Re-heard.

At the Police Court, to-day, before Mr. E. A. Irving, Mr. Hodgson (Assistant Crown Solicitor) made an application to have a case re-heard which had been dismissed by his Worship. The case was one in which a man had split the amount of one bill so as to avoid the stamp duty. The re-hearing was fixed for Thursday next.

ARMED ROBBERY CHARGE.

Echo of the Lascar Row Affair.

Before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, at the Police Court, this afternoon, a man was charged in connection with an armed robbery, at Lower Lascar Row, for which man was sentenced at the recent Sessions.

Detective Grant said that one witness who was in gaol for the offence would state in evidence that the defendant was one concerned in the affair. An aman would also say that, whilst the robbers were in the house the defendant was on the staircase landing. He stood there for some considerable time. When those robbers went out, carrying the boxes, the defendant followed them. The prisoner he would put into the box was sentenced for the robbery. He had said that the defendant asked him to go there that night and gave him \$3.

The case was proceeding as we went to press.

BOMB-MAKING IN THE COLONY.

Twelve Men Before the Court.

In consequence of information to the effect that bombs were being manufactured at 112, Queen's Road West, the police charged the premises on the 6th inst. Certain seizures were made and a bomb shell was found. Chemicules were also found.

Twelve men were arrested and charged at the Police Court, to-day, with congregating for unlawful purposes.

All the men were new to the Colony and had only been in the place from three to six days.

Mr. Irving remanded the case.

OIL BEANS AND SEEDS.

Analysis of Hongkong Samples.

In the Bulletin of the Imperial Institute for July a good deal of space is devoted to the examination and commercial valuation of a number of samples of oils, oil-seeds, beans, etc., received amongst other products from Hongkong last year and since placed in the Hongkong Court in the Public Exhibition Galleries of the Institute. While it is impossible to follow the analysis in detail in the space at our command, there are a number of points well worth noticing.

Of four kinds of soy beans samples were submitted to a firm of oil-seed crushers who stated that the amount of moisture present was in all cases just over 8 per cent., which is considerably less than that in the Manchurian beans commonly imported into Europe. These Hongkong beans would, it is stated, undoubtedly be preferred from this point of view, and there would also be less risk of damage during transit than in the case of beans containing a higher percentage of moisture.

A sample of hemp seed was also submitted to a large firm of oil-seed crushers, who reported that it was dull, dirty and small, and generally rather poor in quality, whilst the yield of oil was low and the percentage of woody fibre high. They valued the sample at not more than \$8 5s. a ton in Europe (February 1912), against \$10 to \$10 10s. for ordinary good hemp seed. A firm of brokers stated that the seed was of inferior quality to that imported from Manchuria and yielded less oil, and valued it at not over \$10 per ton for crushing purposes, adding that a limited quantity might be sold for bird feeding at \$10 per ton.

Various kinds of edible beans were submitted to two firms of merchants. One firm reported that the beans would not be saleable in the United Kingdom. The second firm stated that their appearance was unfavourable, and that the results of the analysis did not indicate that they possessed any special quality for feeding purposes, so that to find a market in London they would have to be offered at a price much below that of Rangoon beans. The latter beans were quoted at \$6 to \$7 per ton on c.i.f. in March, 1912. It is stated that the current prices quoted in the comparisons for beans in the United Kingdom were exceptionally high, and that the various samples would probably fetch less in an average year.

Case to Re-hear.

At the Police Court, to-day, before Mr. E. A. Irving, Mr. Hodgson (Assistant Crown Solicitor) made an application to have a case re-heard which had been dismissed by his Worship. The case was one in which a man had split the amount of one bill so as to avoid the stamp duty. The re-hearing was fixed for Thursday next.

CORRESPONDENCES

The opinions expressed by our correspondents are not necessarily those of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

THE RELEASE OF PRISONERS.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

Sir—I have read with great interest the questions asked in the Legislative Council yesterday and the turning loose of sentenced criminals long before the expiry of their sentences, owing to lack of accommodation in the prisons of the Colony.

Apparently the comfort of the criminal is of greater importance than his punishment, which, of course, is absurd when dealing with natives, to whom mental distress is unknown unless accompanied by physical distress.

In my opinion the following method would go far towards checking the epidemic of burglary and crime and would, at the same time, relieve the congestion of the prisons. Some time ago there was "proposed" and, I believe, "carried" a scheme for reclaiming a certain portion of the harbour extending from the Naval Yard to Jardine's Wharf. We also have in the Colony a large body of troops for whom it is difficult to find useful occupation or amusement. Well, let this reclamation scheme proceed, let the convicts supply free labour under guard of troops, and let them sleep where they work, under aatched roof, not so much from a humanitarian point of view, as from the fact that if a man goes sick the colony would lose his labour. All their "friends" would then be able to view them, from a discreet distance, of course, and see the unwanted spectacle of a criminal doing a full day's work. That in itself would be a great deterrent.

Your faithfully,
A Sufferer.

Hongkong, Aug. 23, 1912.

ROMANISATION OF CHINESE.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

SIR,—May I request your favour to publish this letter relative to the subject of "Romanisation of Chinese" reproduced in your valuable paper of 10th instant, as I am an inventor of Chinese Phonography or Shorthand (an abbreviated form of romanisation). The first edition written in English and Chinese, consisting of about 200 pages with a complete vocabulary of the Cantonese and Northern Mandarin dialectic sounds, represented by corresponding phonetic signs and Chinese characters, is under publication and will be ready for circulation next month, so that I am specially interested in this topic.

While admitting that it is no easy task successfully to represent the Chinese language phonetically with its great variety of sectional dialects, I can not fall in with the pessimistic and discouraging view of the "L. & C. Express" in condemning the efforts of the Chinese Romanisationists as day-dreams and the difficulties as insuperable. Permit me to quote a passage in the five-character classics which says that "nothing is difficult in the world (unless) the effort of the man is not firm."

In the second place, the dread of the old form of the Chinese Script being "shaken off" is groundless, for the simple reason that the script in use, better known as ideographical writing, deals with fine style of expression and brilliant thoughts, while the new script—let it be named phonetic writing—is the representative of the sounds of speech only and is no instructive guide to bales letters. The ideographical writing has very little sound-values which fluctuate with the dialect, and this is one of the reasons that the Chinese language has such numerous divisions in dialects. To effect a uniformity of dialect and to provide the illiterate with an easily acquirable means of communicating thoughts, the phonetic writing has merits of its own. As an assurance that the phonetic system of writing does not dis-

turb the existing orthography of the ideography and cannot annul the latter, I may mention that Japan—which uses the same form of writing as China—adopts also at the same time a phonetic style.

As to the remark that a student of romanised Chinese can only read what he has learnt to read, this is due to the fault of the system in using purely Roman letters, each of which represents only a certain limited number of sounds, but not a fixed undisputable pronunciation, especially the vowels. If a suitable set of alphabets is used, allotting to each phonetic indicator an unchangeable duty, then the student can read with readiness whatever is written.

Yours etc.,
Cheung Man-ling.
Chinese Post Office,
Canton, August 14, 1912.

DON'T FORGET.

Saturday, Aug. 24.

Annual Meeting Messrs. W. Powell, Ltd.

Monday, Aug. 26.

Bandmann Opera Co., Theatre Royal.

Tuesday, Aug. 27.

Bandmann Opera Co., Theatre Royal.

Wednesday, Aug. 28.

Bandmann Opera Co., Theatre Royal.

Thursday, Aug. 29.

Property Sale, Mr. G. P. Lam-

mart.

Bandmann Opera Co., Theatre Royal.

Friday, Aug. 30.

Crown Land Sale, P. W. D. 2.30.

Property Sale, Messrs. Hughes and Hough, noon.

Saturday, Aug. 31.

Aquatic Fete V.R.C., 9 p.m.

Monday, Sept. 2.

Crown Land Sale, P. W. D., 3 p.m.

Dining out this evening. Bridge? No; Poker. That means a late night? Yes, and a thirsty morning!

and KIPPERED HERRING for breakfast AND an excuse for a cocktail or two at eleven.

August 12, 1912.

All things are good until something better comes along;

HUNT'S

PORTS and SHERRIES.

Are better than most and have no superior. This statement is not for wine Connoisseurs. THEY have long known its truth.

We make a specialty of high-class Ports and Sherries.

Shipping

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S.
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.
"EMPEROR LINE."

Sailings from Hongkong and Quebec.

"E. of India" ... Satur. Aug. 24 "E. of Britain" ... Sept. 20.
"E. of Japan" ... Sept. 14 "Allian Line" ... Oct. 11.
"Monteagle" ... Oct. 5 "E. of Ireland" ... Nov. 1.

All steamers leave Hongkong at 6 P.M.
To Vancouver, B.C., calling at Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Island Sea of Japan), Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria, B.C.,
Passengers booked to all the principal points in Canada, the United States and Europe, also Around the World.

For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to
D. W. Craddock, General Pacific Agent,
Corner Pedder Street and Payne (Opposite Blake Pier).

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

(PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).
Steamship On
MANILA LOONGSANG Saturday, 24th Aug., 2 P.M.
TSINFAU, CHEFOO & NEWCHWANG WINGSANG Saturday, 24th Aug., Noon.
TIENSHIN, SWATOW, TSINTAU, WEIHAI-WEI & CHENGFOO CHIPSHING* Sunday, 25th Aug., D'light.
SHANGHAI, SWATOW, KWONOSANG* Sunday, 25th Aug., D'light.
SOURABAYA HOPSANG Sunday, 25th Aug., D'light.
SINGAPORE & SOURABAYA CHUNSANG Monday, 26th Aug., Noon.
SHAI, KOBE & MOJI NAMSANG* Thursday, 29th Aug., Noon.
SINGAPORE, PENANG FOOKSANG* Friday, 30th Aug., Noon.
CALCUTTA MANILA YUENSANG* Saturday, 31st Aug., 2 P.M.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN (Occupying 24 days).
The steamer "Kutang," "Nau-ang" and "Kooksang," leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days. This service is supplemented by the "Linsang" and "Kuinsang," leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Moji and Kobe and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days. These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.
These steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin, via Chingwanta.

Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Kuan, Lukad, Davao, Simpao, Tawao, Unakan, Jesselton and Labuan.

For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.**, General Managers. Telephone No. 915.

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS, LTD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

STEAMERS. DATE OF DEPARTURE.
LONDON, & ANTWERP CARMARTHENSHIRE. About 24th Aug.
SHANGHAI, NANKIN, DEN OF CLAMIS* 5th Sept.
KOBE & YOKOHAMA FLINTSHIRE 1st Oct.
YOKOHAMA 1st Oct.

* Does not carry passengers.
These steamers have superior accommodation for a limited number of First Class Passengers. Cabins are situated amidships, and are fitted with electric light and fans. Attention is particularly directed to the moderate fares charged.

For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.**, AGENTS. [94]

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO, AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD., HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON CANTON TO HONGKONG

FRIDAY, 23rd AUGUST.

10.00 p.m. "HEUNGSHAN" 5.00 p.m. "KINSHAN".

SATURDAY, 24th AUGUST.

8.00 a.m. "HONAM." 8.00 a.m. "PATSHAN".

10.00 p.m. "KINSHAN." 5.00 p.m. "HEUNGSHAN".

These steamers, carrying His Majesty's Posts, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to the Superior Saloon and Cabin, Electric Fan in each Cabin.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.
SS. "SUI TAI" Tons 1651 SS. "SUI AN" Tons 1651
HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 8 A.M. & 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sunday at 9 A.M. & 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 1 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 5 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 25th AUGUST.

The Company's Steamer, "SUI AN,"

will depart from the Company's WING LOK WHARF at 9 A.M. Departure from Macao at 10 A.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

This steamer departs with the excursion steamer returning from Macao at 5 P.M.

FARES AS USUAL.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

SS. "HOI-SANG" 1657 Tons.

Departures from Macao to Canton on Tues., Wednes., & Fri., at 6 P.M.

Departures from Canton to Macao on Tues., Thurs., & Sat., at 4.30 P.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

SS. "SAINAM" 568 Tons, and "NANNING" 569 Tons.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct steamer "LINTAN" and "SANUL." These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

HOTEL MANSIONS (FIRST FLOOR), Opposite the Blake Pier. [50]

Shipping

NIIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

Destination.	Steamers	Sailing Dates.
MARSEILLE, LONDON & ANTWERP via SIROKA, PEKING & COLOMBO, SUMA & PORT SAID	MISHIMA MARU, Capt. A. E. Morris, T. 16,000 KAGA MARU, Capt. Tabata, T. 12,500	WEDNESDAY, 28th Aug., at Daylight. WEDNESDAY, 11th Sept., at Daylight.
VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATTLE via KERLUNG, SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOREA, SHIMIZU & YAMAGUCHI, SHIMBURG	SINABA MARU, Capt. S. Tomioka, T. 12,500 SHIMIZUOKA MARU, Capt. Iriyawa, T. 12,500	TUESDAY, 27th Aug., at 4 P.M. TUESDAY, 10th Sept., at 4 P.M.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE, via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE AND BRISBANE	NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi, T. 8,500 KUMANO MARU, Capt. M. Winckler, T. 8,500	FRIDAY, 30th Aug., at Noon. FRIDAY, 27th Sept., at Noon.
KOBE & YOKOHAMA	HITACHI MARU, Capt. Yamawaki, T. 13,000 BOMBAY & SHANGHAI, BOMBAY MARU, Capt. Noguchi, T. 5,000 N'SAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA, KUMANO MARU, Capt. M. Winckler, T. 8,800 SHANGHAI & KOREA, WAKASA MARU, Capt. Nielsen, T. 12,500	WED'DAY, 28th Aug., at 5 P.M. MONDAY, 2nd September. WED'DAY, 28th Aug., at Noon. WEDNESDAY, 28th August.

† Fitted with new system of wireless telegraphy.

† Cargo only.

CALCUTTA LINE.

Regular fortnightly service between Kobe and Calcutta via Moji, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

S.S. TOSA MARU Tons 8,000 } SATURDAY, 24th Aug.
Capt. Sato,

REDUCE SUMMER RATES BETWEEN HONGKONG AND JAPAN PORTS.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TICKETS (1st & 2nd class) available for 3 months
YOKOHAMA K O B E M O J I N A G A S A K I
Return. Return. Return. Return.
1st class \$135 \$122 \$108 \$95
2nd class 8.81 8.75 8.65 8.57

With option of Rail between Steamer's Calling ports in Japan.
For further information apply to
Telephone Nos. 232 & 1241.

5] T. EUSUMOTO, Manager.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

SHANGHAI LINAN 24th Aug. M'night.
SAMARANG & SOURABAYA, TIENTSIN 26th 4 P.M.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO, KAIFONG 27th 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI CHINHUA 29th 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI ANHUI 31st M'night.
IN CONJUNCTION WITH AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.
MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, BANE, SYDNEY & MELBOURNE

This steamer has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fan in Staterooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares, Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

DIRECT SAILING TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.
S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL".

MANILA LINE—Twin screw Steamers "Tsan" and "Taming," saloon accommodation amidships; electric fans fitted; extra state-rooms on deck, aft. Saloon accommodation of ss. "Kaifong" is situated on deck, aft; Electric Fans fitted.

SHANGHAI LINE—FAST SCHEDULE TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS (Akash, Chenan, Linan, Okinawa)—with excellent passenger accommodation. Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloons, leave Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

N.B.—Passenger must embark before midnight on Saturday for the Sunday morning sailing. A Company's launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every Saturday night.

These steamers land passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transhipment at Woosung.

Reduced Fares:—Single \$45. Return \$75.

NEW SERVICE.

SHANGHAI TO ANTUNG
Sailing on alternate Wednesdays.
For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWINE.

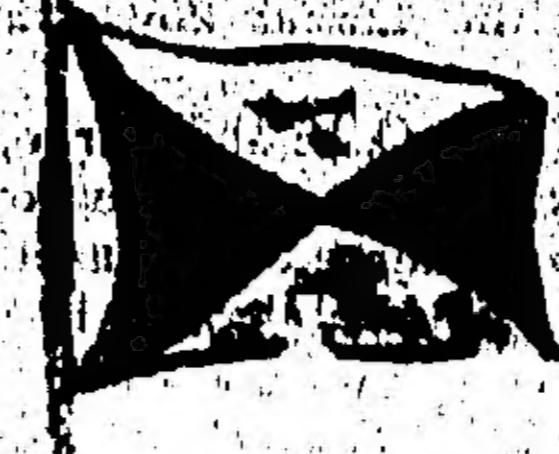
Agents.

Telephone No. 36, Hongkong, 22nd August, 1912.

[50]

Shipping

HONGKONG—PHILIPPINES.
PHILIPPINES STEAMSHIP CO.



PHILIPPINES STEAMSHIP CO.

Steamship, Tons, Captain, For, Sailing Date.

RUBI 4000 S. A. Crosby Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu, THURSDAY, 20th Aug., 4 P.M.

ZAFIRO 4000 M. C. Smith Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu.

For Freight or Passage apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., GENERAL MANAGERS

Hongkong 21st August, 1912.

[14]

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between JAVA, CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer From Expected on or about For Will leave on or about

Tilbodas JAVA, 2nd half Aug., JAPAN 2nd half Aug.

Tillatjap JAVA, 2nd half Aug., SHANGHAI 2nd half Aug.

Tilliwong JAVA, 2nd half Aug., JAPAN 1st half Sept.

Tilmahi JAVA, 1st half Sept., SHANGHAI 1st half Sept.

Tiltaroen JAPAN, 1st half Sept., JAVA 1st half Sept.

Tilmanock JAVA, 1st half Sept., JAPAN 2nd half Sept.

Tikini JAVA, 2nd half Sept., JAPAN 2nd half Sept.

Tilpanas JAVA, 3rd half Sept., JAPAN 2nd half Sept.

The steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light, and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers and will take cargo to all Ports in Netherlands-India on through B/L.

For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN,

Telephone No. 375 York Building. [15]

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

Imperial Japanese Trans-Pacific Mail Line.

CONNECTING WITH THE WESTERN PACIFIC RAILWAY AT SAN FRANCISCO TO THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA AND WITH TRANS-ATLANTIC LINES TO EUROPE.

Shipping

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

IN CONJUNCTION WITH
the Dampfschiffahrts Gesellschaft "HANSA."EAST ASIATIC SERVICE.
Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES,
via STRAITS and COLOMBO,

Marseilles, Havre, Bremen and Hamburg and New York.

Cargo at Through rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Oporto, Naples, and other Mediterranean, Levantine, Black Baltic Sea and Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

Next Sailings from Hongkong:

OUTWARD.

HOMEWARD.

For Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama:	For Havre, Bremen:
PISA 23rd Aug.	S.S. GOLDENFELS, 1st Sept.
O. J. D. AHLERS 28th Aug.	S.S. BRISGAVIA, 5th Sept.
C. F. LAEISZ 18th Sept.	S.S. SUEVIA, 12th Sept.
ARCADIA, 24th Sept.	S.S. PREUSSEN, 16th Sept.
SCANDIA, 10th Oct.	For BOSTON & NEW YORK: S.S. AMBRIA, 31st Aug.

Hamburg-Amerika Linie,
Hongkong Office. [12]

Consignees

FROM EUROPE.

THE H.A.L. Steamship

"PISA,"

Captain Such, having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained against Bills-of-Lading countersigned by the Under-signed.

Optional Cargo will be carried on unless notice to the contrary be given to-day.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 28th inst., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods must be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 27th inst., at 9.30 a.m.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

This steamer brings on cargo:-
Ex s.s. "HAMBURG" from Göteborg.
"Aghes" from Norrköping.
"Kung Ring" from Skövde.
"Sonock" from Örebro.
"Eli" from Copenhagen.
"Sonock" from Roskilde.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,
Hongkong Office.
Hongkong, 22nd Aug., 1912. [12]

NÖRDEUTSCHER LLOYD,
BREMEN.IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL
LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"PRINZ LUDWIG,"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasures and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and West Point Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before noon to-day requesting it to be landed here.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 29th Aug., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 29th of Aug., at 9.30 a.m.

All claims must reach us before the 5th of September, 1912, or they will not be recognized.

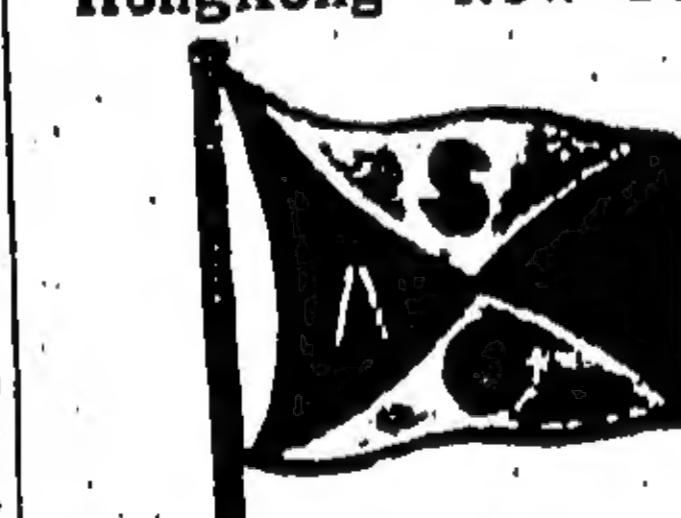
No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the under-signed.

NÖRDEUTSCHER LLOYD
MELCHERS & CO.,
General Agents.

Hongkong, 22nd Aug., 1912. [12]

How Germany Deals with
Unionists.

The Social Democrats have given notice of motion that masters bakers must not employ non-unionists. An elderly baker who had been dismissed sued the union, and the Court ordered the union to indemnify him for his losses and pay 28/- a week to him until such time as he is again in employment.



AMERICAN ASIATIC S.S. CO.

FOR NEW YORK via SUEZ
CANAL.
(With liberty to call at the
Malabar Coast.)

S.S. "INVERLYDYE"

On or about 10th September, 1912.

For Freight and further information apply to

SHEWAN, TOME & CO.,
General Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd July, 1912. [12]

FOR SALE.

OLD CHINA CURIOS.

A fine lot of China Vases:

1. Sang de boeuf (Ming Dynasty).

2. Hong Heo, black ground with red bird.

3. Hong Heo, black ground with red rose.

4. Hong Heo, black ground with white rose.

5. pair Ming Dynasty square shaped black ground with seasonal flowers.

6. pair Ming Heo, black ground with five colour roses.

7. pair Ming Heo, black ground with five colour roses.

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105. pair Ming Heo, black ground with five colour roses.

106. pair Ming Heo, black ground with five colour roses.

107. pair Ming Heo, black ground with five colour roses.

108. pair Ming Heo, black ground with five colour roses.

COMMERCIAL.

London, Singapore and Java Bank.

The London, Singapore, and Java Bank has been registered with a capital of £50,000, in £10 shares, to carry on in Great Britain, Europe, the Dutch and British East Indies or elsewhere, the business of bankers, financiers, financial agents, money changers, bill brokers, discountors, underwriters and guarantors, etc. The subscribers are:—G. St. L. Mowbray, 23, Suffolk-street, Pall Mall, S. W. and F. N. Varnoy, 17, Caversham-road, Kingston-on-Thames, secretary. It is a private company, and the first directors are G. St. L. Mowbray and A. Berry.

Sumatra Consolidated.

The report of the Sumatra Consolidated Rubber Estates for the year ended April 30, states that the directors are able and propose to pay out of profits dividend of 10 per cent. for the year, amounting to £5,039. Of this sum there will be distributed to the shareholders £4,204 and to the vendors £1,845, being a refund of advances for the guaranteed dividend of 5 per cent. on 35,043 shares. A sum of £812 remains to be carried forward. The full dividend of 5 per cent. for the year ending April 30, 1913, on 35,043 shares is still covered by the vendors' guarantee, and the necessary sum remains deposited with the company's bankers. On April 30 last 45,000 trees were being tapped, but this number will be steadily increased during the present season. The current year's crop is estimated at 130,000lb. from an area of 682 acres. It is hoped to bring the total area of land under cultivation up to about 2,500 acres by April next.

Tin Mining in Malacca.

The tin mining industry in Malacca has nearly ceased. Extension of the leases of the Malacca Tin Dredging Company was granted in 1911, but no work was undertaken.

Shanghai Bullion.

Bar Silver 28.3-1d.
Mexican Dollars. Market Rate Tls. 74.0

Dragon. Dollars, Native
Bank Rate 74.45

Copper Cash per Tls. 1757

Shanghai Gold Bars Tls. 358.1-2

Bar Silver Tls. 111.15

Sovereigns: Bk's Buying rate Tls. 7.23

Repay Estates Returns.

Messrs. Hopkins, Dunn and Co., Ltd., Secretaries and General Managers of the Repay Rubber and Tapioca Estates, Ltd., state that the output of rubber from the Estates for the month of June was 430 lbs. and for the month of July 440 lbs. dry rubber.

London Rubber Prices.

(From the "Straits Times"
Malacca Correspondent).

Malacca, August 17.

Information has been received by Malacca Rubber Plantations, Limited, that the price of fine Pari in London yesterday was 5/- per lb. buyers.

The price of best Plantation rubber is quoted at 4/8d. value. The highest and lowest prices of Plantation quoted in the Malacca telegrams this year have been:

Highest ... 5/8 March 23

Lowest ... 4/8 July 30

Sale of Aerated Waters.

The import to aerated waters from Japan to Dairen has totalled 5,000 cases (each case containing 4-dozen bottles) since March this year. Figured on the basis of the rate of gradual increase observed so far 20,000 cases more are expected to be offered to the local market before the advent of cool autumn. This estimate includes the local output to be supplied by the Kojima Refrigeratory below the Fushimidis Electric Park. This refrigerator has already put out about 4,500 cases since the beginning of this year. It has consigned to the interior markets so far this year as much as one-third of the whole amount of the local consumption. It seems that the Chinese in the interior, whose standard of living has been raised perceptibly of late years, are learning to like these cooling beverages.

—*Manchurian Daily News.*

Public Auction.**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

By Order of the Executors
of the
Will of the late Mr. H. N.
COOPER,
the

**VERY VALUABLE LEASE-
HOLD PROPERTIES**

Situate and Being
Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12,
Mosque Street,
Victoria, Hongkong,
to be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION
on
FRIDAY,
the 30th day of August, 1912, at
12 o'clock Noon;

in six Lots

by

Messrs. BUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers, at their Auction
Rooms at No. 8, Des
Vaux Road, Central.

The Properties consist of:—

Lot 1. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 12 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 2 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58. Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 1 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,054 square feet, or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £4.00 per annum.

Lot 2. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 10 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 1 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,054 square feet, or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £4.00 per annum.

Lot 3. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 8 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 2 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,110 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 4. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 6 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,157 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 5. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 4 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 4 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,180 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 6. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 2 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 5 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 7. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 8 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 8. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 6 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 4 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 9. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 4 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 5 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 10. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 2 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 6 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 11. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 7 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 12. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 8 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 13. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 9 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 14. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 10 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 15. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 11 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 16. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 12 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 17. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 13 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 18. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 14 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 19. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 15 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 20. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 16 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 21. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 17 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 22. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 18 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 23. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 19 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 24. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 20 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 25. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 21 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent £1.12 per annum.

Lot 26. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 1 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 22 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

FULL COURT ORDINANCE**DECISION OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.**

Hon. Mr. Pollock abstains from Voting.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council, held yesterday, the following Bill was passed after we had gone to press.

The Attorney-General moved that the Council go into Committee on the Bill entitled, "An Ordinance to make provision for the reconstitution of the Full Court."

The Colonial Secretary concurred.

The Attorney-General — I should draw your attention to the fact that the result of the Committee which sat on the Bill was to refer it to the Council in a form which was very substantially, if not entirely, different to that in which it had been referred to the Committee. Circumstances have altered since the Bill was sent to Committee, because I understand that instructions have been received that the arrangement which had been previously placed before this Council as to the coming here at various convenient times of another judge as a temporary measure from the Shanghai Court is to be carried out. The arrangements were made, and cannot, I think, be departed from now. His Excellency has received a despatch in which it is stated that as a temporary measure the Bill practically as it was introduced ought to be passed in order that the arrangement which had been made should be carried out. It does not follow necessarily that the Bill is bound to be a permanent one. On the contrary, if circumstances arise in which it is found that it should be altered it is possible that it could be altered. At any rate, at present, it seems necessary and desirable that the Bill should be passed as it was originally introduced in the Council.

The Bill was then considered clause by clause, and one or two verbal alterations were made.

On Council resuming,

The Attorney-General moved that the Bill be read a third time.

The Colonial Secretary concurred.

The Hon. Mr. Osborne—Sir, the unofficial members of the Council have opposed this Bill on a previous occasion and they have not changed their mind. We do not oppose the third reading, for the reason given that instructions have been sent from Home which cannot be overruled. At the same time I suggest that the unofficial members place on record their protest against this Bill.

Hon. Mr. Murray Stewart—I associate myself with the remarks which have fallen from the hon. member who has just spoken.

Hon. Mr. Pollock—Your Excellency, I shall abstain from voting on the division regarding the third reading. On the one hand, I am not prepared to vote in favour of it, because, according to my view, the appointment of a permanent third judge is the better solution. On the other hand, I am not prepared to vote against the third reading, because I conceive it to be the duty of the members of the legal profession to do their best to make the new system of appeals a success, and any adverse vote of mine might tend to create a different and, therefore, an erroneous impression.

Hon. Mr. Roes—I should like to associate myself with the remarks of the hon. member opposite (Hon. Mr. Osborne). There is one point which has to be borne in mind. The Shanghai Court is just as hard pressed with work as the Hongkong Court, and I understand it will be very difficult for the Shanghai judge to get away. I have been in Shanghai myself and I discussed this question with several members of the legal fraternity in Shanghai, and they said that it was practically impossible for the Shanghai judge to get away.

His Excellency—Gentlemen, I am very pleased to hear the words which fall from the hon. member representing the Justices of the Peace. The history of this question is a very long one. There would have been no difficulty in appointing a third judge if the Government had been convinced that there was work for three judges to do. Outside the Appeal Court, the Government was

not satisfied that there was, and I myself am not satisfied at the present moment that there is. I think that when the Government goes to a Department of State like the Foreign Office and after lengthy negotiations makes an arrangement of this nature, and when it approaches a judge of the position of the Shanghai Court such an arrangement cannot be lightly upset. It would be a very ungracious thing to do, and I do not think that it would be dignified course for this Government to adopt. Therefore, I hope everybody connected with the Courts will give these arrangements a fair trial. It may work better than some of us think. One consolation about it is that it will be economical.

A division was taken, and there voted against the Bill:—Hon. Mr. Ross, Hon. Mr. Osborne, and Hon. Mr. Murray Stewart—3. The Hon. Mr. Pollock and the Hon. Sir Kai Ho Kai abstained from voting. The official members numbering 7 voted for the Bill, which was therefore passed.

CANTON NEWS**Military Students.**

(The "Telegraph" Correspondent.) Canton, August 22.

The Commissioner of Army has reported to the Governor-General that under the old Government three Cantonese students have been studying a course of artillery at a Military College in Germany, and they are completing their course at no distant date. However, they are in need of \$4,371.80 for their half-yearly fees, and \$1,500 for their return passage to China. As the students are desirous of completing their profession, the Commissioner of Army begs that the money should be remitted to them. The Governor-General has accordingly directed the Commissioner of Finance to remit the money to the students by telegraphic transfer.

Plague at Luchow.

On the 21st instant, the Committee of the Ten Charitable Institutions, and the members of the Red Cross Society, held a meeting in connection with the taking of measures to stamp out the plague, which is raging in Luchow. It was decided to despatch medical men to treat the patients, together with members of the Red Cross Society, and to take with them the necessary medicines to combat the disease. On the same day a telegram was despatched to the Chamber of Commerce in Luchow enquiring into the developments of the plague.

Gamblers Sentenced.

The Magistrate of Haiyang district has reported to the Governor-General that on the 17th inst., through information supplied by "braves," the police succeeded in arresting four men indulging in the "Sparrow" gambling game. They were having their dinner and the object of playing the game was to get the losers to pay for additional dishes.

The magistrate says, that, in accordance with telegraphic instructions from Mr. Chan Kwang-ming, Commandant of the Canton Army, all those who open gambling houses, shelter gamblers or finance gambling houses are to be shot when arrested. As the present case does not come under these heads, the Magistrate had the four offenders sentenced to three years' imprisonment with hard labour, as their indulgence in the game was only for pleasure. In view of their position as gentlemen and merchants, they begged to be fined in lieu of the imprisonment, as they were not strong enough to undergo hard labour. The Magistrate has accordingly imposed a fine of \$500 on each of them. The sum of \$200 was given to the informers as a reward. The action of the Magistrate has won the approval of the Governor-General.

World's Educators to Meet. Washington, July 9.—An appropriation of \$25,000 for meeting expenses of an international congress of the educators of the leading nations of the world is provided in a joint resolution introduced in the House by Representative O'Shaussey of Rhode Island. G. Stanley Hall of Massachusetts is named as president and E. P. Claxton, Commissioner of Education in Washington, as vice-president.

POST OFFICE

Only fully prepaid letters and post-cards are transmissible by the Siberian Route to Europe. Letters for this route should be superceded via Siberia.

The Parcel Post to the Chinese provinces of Hopeh and Hunan is now resumed.

MAILS VIA SIBERIA.

Left London July 31	Due Shanghai Aug. 17
Aug. 8	Aug. 19

MAILS DUE.

American, Korea, 26th inst.

America, Shinyo Maru, 30th inst.

MAILS CLOSE.

Hai-hong, Pakhoi and Saigon—Per Hongkong, 24th Aug., 9 A.M.

Dulgoa Bay, Durban, Port Elizabeth, East London, Mysore Bay, and Cape Town—Per Barrow

Oawor, 24th Aug., 11 A.M.

Tedogau, Chefoo and Nanchwang—Per

Wingsang, 24th Aug., 11 A.M.

Straits—Per Atholl, 24th Aug., 11 A.M.

Haiphong, Pakhoi and Saigon—Per

Carl Diederichsen, 24th Aug., 11 A.M.

Philippine Islands—Per Loongsang, 24th Aug., 1 P.M.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 24th Aug., 1.15 P.M.

Sourabaya—Per Kaisaku-maru, 24th Aug., 3 P.M.

Haiphong, Pakhoi and Saigon—Per

Carmarthenshire, 24th Aug., 8 P.M.

Shanghai, North China, Japan, Nagasaki, United States, South America and Canada—via Vancouver and United Kingdom, via

Canada (Europe via Siberia)—Per Express of India, 24th Aug., 5 P.M.

Swatow—Per Chipping, 24th Aug., 5 P.M.

Shanghai and North China—Per Linan, 24th Aug., 5 P.M.

Swatow—Per Kwongsang, 24th Aug., 5 P.M.

Sourabaya—Per Hopieng, 24th Aug., 5 P.M.

Swatow—Per Halman, 25th Aug., 9 A.M.

Swatow, Amoy and Tamsui—Per Daigmaru, 25th Aug., 9 A.M.

Smiti and Sourabaya—Per Chun-sing, 26th Aug., 11 A.M.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 26th Aug., 1.15 P.M.

Samtang and Sourabaya—Per Tien-tsin, 26th Aug., 8 P.M.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per

Heitan, 27th Aug., 10 A.M.

Straits and India via Calcutta—Per

A. Apear, 27th Aug., 11 P.M.

Shanghai, North China, Japan, via Nagasaki, Honolulu, Canada, United States, and South America, via San Francisco—Per Kaisaku-maru, 27th Aug., 5 P.M.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 27th Aug., 1.15 P.M.

Formosa—via Keelung, Shanghai, North China, Japan via Moji, Victoria and Seattle—Per

Inaba-maru, 27th Aug., 3 P.M.

Philippines Islands—Per Kaisaku, 27th Aug., 3 P.M.

Swatow—Per Haimun, 28th Aug., 10 A.M.

Straits and Burma—Per Itola, 28th Aug., 11 A.M.

Japan via Kobe—Per Japas, 28th Aug., 1000.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 28th Aug., 1.15 P.M.

Shanghai and North China—Per Chinhu, 29th Aug., 8 P.M.

Philippines Islands—Per Bubi, 29th Aug., 3 P.M.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per

Halyang, 30th Aug., 10 A.M.

Straits and India via Calcutta—Per

Fookang, 30th Aug., 11 A.M.

Philippines Islands, Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand—Per

Changsha, 20th Aug., 8 P.M.

Straits, Burma, Ceylon, Aden, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt, and Europe via Brindisi. (Late Letters, 11 a.m. to noon. Extra Postage 10 cents) (Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure of the mail. Extra Postage 10 cents) (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes, in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.) The Postage Mail will be closed on Friday, Aug. 30th at 5 p.m.—Per Ames, Aug. 31st 12 a.m.

High Water Mean Tide.

Low Water Mean Tide.

Time.

10 a.m. 4 p.m.

Barometer 29.78 29.77

Temperature 78 81

Humidity 94 85

Rain 0.88 —

SHIPPING NEWS.**ARRIVED.**

Aikoku Maru, Jap. a.s. 8,081, S. L. Savary, Keeling 20th Aug., Ballast—D. & Co.

Arratoon Apear, Br. a.s. 2,610, R. F. Thomson, 22nd Aug., Gen.—D. S. & Co.

Aldenharn, Br. a.s. 2,410, Pilcher, 22nd Aug.—K. be 17th Aug., Gen.—G. J. & Co.

Fri, Nor. a.s. 860, Wagle, 28th Aug.—Newchwang, Daren and Choofoo 16th Aug., Gen.—A. T. & Co.

Yushun, Chi. a.s. 1,070, E. H. Pratt, n.n.n., 28th Aug.—Tientsin via Choofoo 16th Aug., Gen.—O. M. S. N. Co.

Salmon, Br. a.s. 641, J. W. Evans, 25th Aug.—Swatow 22nd Aug.; Gen.—D. L. & Co.

Kwangtse, Chi. a.s. 1,468, J. McArthur, 28th Aug.—Canton 22nd Aug., Gen.—O. M. S. N. Co.

Ship Shing, Br. a.s. 1,199, Moody, 28th Aug.—Canton 22d Aug., Gen.—O. M. S. N. Co.

Wangwong, Br. a.s. 1,484, W. F. Bichard, 28th Aug.—Canton 22nd Aug., Gen.—O. M. S. N. Co.

Hongkong, Br. a.s. 789, Oordnissen, 20th Aug.—Halphon 17th Aug., Gen.—A. R. May.

Hopson, Br. a.s. 1,360, J. M. Hay, 17th Aug.—Singapore 9th Aug., Gen.—J. M. & Co.

Japan, Br. a.s. 6,088, Archdeacon, 23rd Aug.—Singapore 18th Aug., Gen.—D. S. & Co.

Isabe Maru, Jap. a.s. 2,887, S. Fominaga, 18th Aug.—Shanghai 18th Aug., Gen.—N. Y. K.

Laertes, Br. a.s. 1,840, Page, 10th Aug.—Sagion 14th Aug., Gen.—Wo Fat Sing.

Locksun, Ger. a.s. 1,020, W. Taubert, 18th Aug.—Labuan, Gen.—B. & S.

Loong Sang, Br. a.s. 1,098, Leask, 16th Aug.—Manila 18th Aug., Gen.—A. R. May.

Naples, GENOA, ALGIERS, GIBRALTAR, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and BREMEN ...

MANILA, YAP, MARONI, SAMARAI, NEWGUINEA, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE

KOBE and YOKOHAMA (PRINZ WALDEMAR Capt. H. Bremer 6,100) TUESDAY.

KUDAT & SANDAKAN (BORNEO Capt. F. Sembill) Middle of September.

All the steamers of the European Line are fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.

New System of Telefunken.

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Hongkong, 21st August, 1912.

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